

NATIVE PLANT SALE – 2012

Plant Descriptions

(See legend on reverse side)

NAME	Mature Ht.	SUN	SOIL CONDITIONS	SPECIAL USES	NOTES
CONIFEROUS TREES					
Coastal Redwood <i>Sequoia sempervirens</i>	200'	A-B	Moist	3	Can be used in landscape settings if irrigated or roots have access to supplemental water. Large potted plants.
Douglas Fir <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	200+'	A	Grows on all but wettest soil	Timber 1, 2a	Oregon's state tree can live over 1000 years. Thick bark enables it to survive moderate fire.
Giant Sequoia <i>Sequoiadendron giganteum</i>	200+'	A	Prefers well drained sites.	3	Excellent specimen tree. Dense gray-green foliage and reddish brown bark. Northern California native.
Grand Fir <i>Abies grandis</i>	200+'	A-B	Dry to Moist	Timber 1, 2a	Tall, straight, stately fir with grayish-brown bark. Grows in same environment as the Douglas Fir.
Incense Cedar <i>Calocedrus decurrens</i>	100+'	A	Moist sites	2a, 3	Attractively shaped conifer with dense foliage, often used in home landscapes. Wood has pleasant odor.
Noble Fir <i>Abies procera</i>	100+'	A	Prefers deep, rich soils	Christmas Trees	Beautifully symmetrical, conical shape, bark smooth with resin blisters when young. Desirable for Christmas tree.
Pacific Yew <i>Taxus brevifolia</i>	20' to 50'	B-C	Prefers moist soil	2a, 3	Bright fleshy fruit attractive to birds. Foliage is used as winter browse by deer and elk.
Western Hemlock <i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>	50' to 100'	A-C	Fairly dry to wet sites	Timber 2a, 3	Attractively shaped, adaptable conifer, seedlings prefer to develop under shade. Seeds important food source for birds and small mammals.
Western Red Cedar <i>Thuja plicata</i>	180'	B	Moist sites	Timber 1, 2a, 4	Excellent for wildlife cover and for restoration projects, and as an ornamental. Fragrant wood and foliage.
Willamette Valley Ponderosa Pine <i>Pinus ponderosa</i>	180'	A	Adaptable – grows on wet and dry sites.	Timber, 3	Native pine to Willamette Valley. Popular for its straight growth habit that exposes scaled, colored bark with a vanilla fragrance.
DECIDUOUS TREES					
Bigleaf Maple <i>Acer macrophyllum</i>	100'	A-B	Well drained soil	Timber 1, 2a	Supports mosses, ferns and lichens and provides seeds for wildlife. Yellow fall color. Excellent shade producer.
Black Cottonwood <i>Populus trichocarpa</i>	180'	A	Flood plains	Timber 2a, 3, 4	Fast growing with dark gray bark. Important browse for deer and elk. Nesting habitat for large birds.
Cascara <i>Rhamnus purshiana</i>	30'	B-C	Wet to fairly dry	3, 4	Erect tall shrub or small tree to 30ft with smooth, silver-grey bark. Glossy green leaves, greenish-yellow small flowers.
Indian Plum <i>Oemleria cerasiformis</i>	16'	A-B	Dry to moist soil	1, 2a, 2b	One of first plants to bloom (Jan. Feb.). White flowers yield small purple edible plums. Highly sought by birds.
Madrone <i>Arbutus menziesii</i>	80'	A	Well drained soil	2a, 3	Native evergreen tree often found on rocky hill slopes, attractive reddish bark peels with age, shiny leaves. White flowers produce orange/red berries.
Oregon Ash <i>Fraxinus latifolia</i>	75'	A	Wet areas and floodplains	Timber 4	Grayish-brown bark and olive green leaves. Good restoration species in poor soils. Abundant seed producer.
Oregon White Oak <i>Quercus garryana</i>	100'	A	Well drained soils	Timber 1, 2a, 2b	Oregon's only native oak. Forms wide spreading branches and grows to 100 ft. Important wildlife species.
Pacific Crabapple <i>Malus fusca</i>	36'	A-B	Moist soils near wetlands	2a	Native apple with fragrant blossoms producing small green to red fruit. Red and yellow fall color.
Pacific Dogwood <i>Cornus nuttallii</i>	50'	A-B	Moist to dry, needs drainage	1, 2a, 2b	Orange-red fruit are especially attractive to birds. Large creamy, white showy flower bracts which bloom in spring.
Red Alder <i>Alnus rubra</i>	100'	A	Moist soils, wet areas	Timber 1, 2a, 2b	Good species to plant along streams to provide shade and erosion control.
Vine Maple <i>Acer circinatum</i>	25'	A-C	Moist soils	1, 2a, 2b	Attractive fall colors. Suitable for shade, ornamental, or forest under-story plant.
Willow – Native mix <i>Salix sp.</i>	25'	A	Moist or wet	3, 4	Native willows useful for planting wet areas along streams and ponds. Mostly Pacific and Sitka willow.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS					
Elderberry – Blue <i>Sambucus caerulea</i>	12'	A-C	Prefers well drained soils	1, 2a, 2b	Fast growing handsome shrub. Excellent food and cover species. White flower clusters produce edible berries.
Kinnikinnick <i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>	12'	A-B	Prefers well drained soils.	2a, 3, 4	Attractive ground cover usually less than 12" tall with dark green leaves and red, edible, but tasteless berries.
Mockorange <i>Philadelphus lewisii</i>	12'	A-B	Adapted to all but wet soil.	1, 2a, 2b	Clusters of aromatic white flowers at branch ends that attract bees and butterflies. Plant at low elevation.
Nootka Rose <i>Rosa nutkana</i>	6'	A	Dry, well drained sites	1, 2a, 2b	Forms dense clumps with large pink flowers. Fruit eaten by birds and small mammals. Browse for deer and elk.
Oceanspray <i>Holodiscus discolor</i>	15'	B-C	Dry to moist soils	1, 2a	Multi-stemmed shrub with creamy white flowers. Used for riparian restoration and wildlife habitat.
Oregon Grape – Tall <i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>	5-10'	A-C	Dry to fairly moist.	1, 2a, 2b, 3	State flower of Oregon, having holly like leaves and dark blue edible berries.
Pacific Ninebark <i>Physocarpus capitatus</i>	10'	A-C	Moist soils along wetlands	2a	Large spreading, attractive shrub with rounded clusters of white flowers. Maple like leaves, thin shredded bark.
Red Flowering Currant <i>Ribes sanguineum</i>	10'	A-B	Best on well drained soils	1, 2a, 2b	Beautiful ornamental shrub with white, pink, to deep red flowers that attract butterflies and hummingbirds.
Red Osier Dogwood <i>Cornus sericea</i>	12'	A-C	Moist soils along wetlands	1, 2a, 2b, 3, 4	Attractive red stems with white flower cluster that produces white berry clusters. Fast growing.
Salal <i>Gaultheria shallon</i>	6'	A-C	Well drained soils	1, 2a	Dark green, lustrous leaves, white or pink flowers after establishment. Good forest understory species.
Salmonberry <i>Rubus spectabilis</i>	12'	A-B	Moist to wet soils	1, 2a, 2b,3	Erect, largely unarmed shrub often forming dense thickets. Golden-brown shredding bark. Pink to reddish flowers produce yellow to reddish edible fruits.
Serviceberry <i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i>	16'	A-B	Dry to moist, well drained	1, 2a, 2b, 3	Grows to 16ft tall. Fruits are dull-red, becoming purple to blackish, edible, sweet and popular with birds.
Snowberry <i>Symphoricarpos albus</i>	6'	A-B	Grows on dry to moist sites	1, 2a, 2b	Adaptable shrub having attractive foliage and clusters of waxy white berries that persist through winter.
Western Spirea <i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	3-6'	A-B	Wet to moist soils	1	Erect leggy shrub producing pinkish purple flower blooms during July. Attractive ornamental. Great for pollinators.

OTHER PLANTS AND PRODUCTS AVAILABLE	
Bleeding Heart <i>Dicentra formosa</i>	Fern like perennial (1ft. tall) with pinkish-purple heart shaped flowers forming clusters. Prefers moist, shady conditions in forests or along streams or among other garden plants.
Broadleaf Stonecrop <i>Sedum stenopetalum</i>	Attractive, low growing succulent with bright yellow blooms in late summer/early fall. Grows in rocky habitat, prefers full sun to part shade, and needs moderate water in well-drained soil, do not overwater.
Deer Fern <i>Blechnum spicant</i>	Medium sized evergreen preferring shade and moist soils. The ladder-shaped fronds form a basal rosette from which the newest fronds shoot straight up, forming a central vertical grouping.
Early Blue Violet <i>Viola adunca</i>	Low growing evergreen perennial (to 4") that grows well in a wide range of conditions from dry rock gardens to moist forest understory sites. Flowers very early.
False Lily of the Valley <i>Maianthemum dilatatum</i>	Attractive woodland perennial groundcover with broad, heart-shaped leaves and spiky clusters of tiny, white flowers in spring, followed by red translucent berries in summer. Attractive to birds. Moist soil, part shade.
Large-leaf Lupine <i>Lupinus polyphyllus</i>	Herbaceous perennial with flowers produced on a tall spike with blue to purple flowers. Commonly grows along streams and creeks and prefers moist habitats.
Oregon Iris <i>Iris tenax</i>	Perennial herb that resembles commercial iris varieties. Grows in clumps with purple to blue flowers. Foliage makes a nice border. Tolerates a range of soil conditions.
Red Columbine <i>Aquilegia formosa</i>	Erect perennial herb (to 3') with soft foliage and ornate drooping red to yellow flowers. Likes moist, open to partially shaded sites in the forest or in flower beds.
Sword Fern <i>Polystichum munitum</i>	Large native upright fern, evergreen, makes an elegant ornamental. Grows in moist forests, likes sun to part shade.
Wild Ginger <i>Asarum caudatum</i>	Evergreen perennial with attractive heart shaped leaves that give a strong lemon-ginger smell when crushed. Good foliage plant for landscape beds.
Tree Protector Mesh <i>(Purchase at Sale)</i>	Deer browsing can make plant establishment difficult in many areas. Rigid, biodegradable (2 – 3 years), mesh tubes that help minimize deer damage. Each 24" rigid mesh tube comes with a 3 foot bamboo stake.
Assorted Potted Plants <i>(Purchase at Sale)</i>	Available - First Come- First Serve Basis: Large Ferns, Camas, Port Orford Cedar, Sequoia, Western Hemlock, Highbush Cranberry, Shore Pine, Evergreen and Red Huckleberry, Pacific Rhododendron, Twinberry, Quaking Aspen, and many other hard-to-find plants.

Sunlight Conditions	Special Uses
A = Prefers full sun	1 = Attracts insects, bees, butterflies
B = Can tolerate sun or some shade	2a = Birds
C = Prefers shade	2b = Hummingbirds
	3 = Wildlife, forage, cover, food
	4 = Bank stabilization